

1. Which one of the following Acts provides for the setting up of a Board of Control in Britain through which the British Government could fully control the British East India Company's civil, military and revenue affairs in India?

- a. Regulating Act of 1773
- b. Pitts India Act of 1784
- c. Charter Act of 1833
- d. Government of India Act of 1885

2. INS Astradharini which is a replacement for INS Astravahini is an a. first intercontinental cruise missile indigenously developed by India.

- b. first ballistic defence missile system to work in exoatmosphere.
- c. Anti tank missile
- d. first totally indigenously designed (95%) and built torpedo launch and recovery vessel (TLRV).

3. World's highest terrestrial research centre is in

- a) Changla near Pengonglake in Ladakh at 17600 ft
- b) Pengla near Wularlake in Jammu and Kashmir
- c) Spiti valley Himachal Pradesh
- d) Svalbard in Norway

4. Consider the following about NIRBHAY MISSILE

- 1) It is Indigenous, surface-to-surface subsonic cruise missile.
- 2) It is very manoeuvrable and can fly at tree-top level making it difficult to detect on radar.
- 3) It can carry nuclear weapon.
- 4) Range of around 1,000 km. giving India the capability to strike deep into enemy territory.
- 5) India has made ballistic missile and tactical missiles of different capacity, but is yet to master the making of a cruise missile.

Which of the above are correct

- a. 1,3,4,5
- b. only 5
- c. 1,2,3,4,5
- d. 1,2,4 only

5. _____ is a network of balloons traveling on the edge of space, designed to connect people in rural and remote areas, help fill coverage gaps, and bring people back online after disasters. The system aims to bring Internet access to remote and rural areas poorly served by existing provisions.

- a. Project Loon
- b. IRNSS
- c. Free Basics
- d. GSLV

6. Whitefly problem affects which of the following crop

- a. Wheat
- b. Cotton
- c. Rice
- d. Sugarcane

7. _____ works by augmenting and relaying data from GPS satellites with the help of two augmentation satellites and 15 earth-based reference stations. The system corrects any anomalies in the position data and gives accurate routes, landing guidance and timesaving information to the pilots. Fully approved for use in April 2015.

- a. ASTROSAT

b. GAGAN

- c. NAVIC
- d. BHUVAN

8. The Cabinet Mission Plan envisaged for India a

- a. Federation
- b. Confederation
- c. Quasi – Federation
- d. Union of States

9. Who is authorized to scrap Article 370 of the constitution

- a. Supreme Court
- b. Parliament with concurrence of Jammu Kashmir Constituent Assembly
- c. President if he receives the recommendation of the Constituent Assembly of the State
- d. Jammu and Kashmir assembly after a plebiscite.

10. Which of the following contributes in Human Capital formation-

- 1) Spending on health
- 2) Spending on migration
- 3) Spending on education
- 4) Spending on getting information.

- a. only 1,2
- b. only 1,3
- c. only 1,3,4
- d. 1,2,3,4 all

11. Ramsay Macdonald's Communal Award was provided for

- a. Separate courts for Muslims
- b. Special laws for women
- c. Separate electorates for depressed classes
- d. Special privileges to the people in the Nizam Dominions

12. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Human capital treats human beings as a means to an end; the end being the increase in productivity. In the human development perspective, human beings are ends in themselves.
- 2) Human capital considers education and health as a means to increase labour productivity. Human development is based on the idea that education and health are integral to human well-being because only when people have the ability to read and write and the ability to lead a long and healthy life, they will be able to make other choices which they value.

Choose the correct option –

- a. Both 1 and 2 are correct and 2 is correct explanation of 1
- b. Both 1 and 2 are correct but 2 is not correct explanation of 1
- c. Only 1 is correct
- d. Only 2 is correct

13. Which of the following is correct?

- a. During 1952-2010, education expenditure as percentage of total government expenditure decreased.
- b. During 1952-2010, education expenditure as percentage of GDP increased.
- c. expenditure per student in tertiary education is lower than that of elementary.
- d. All of the above

14. Arrange the following agencies in chronological order of the year when they were set up

- 1) NABARD
- 2) RBI
- 3) SEBI
- 4) MUDRA

- a. 1 3 2 4
- b. 2 3 1 4
- c. 2 1 3 4
- d. None of the above

15. Arrange the following in the decreasing order of their contribution to the livestock population in India

- 1) Cattles and Buffalo
 - 2) Sheeps and Goats
 - 3) Pig
 - 4) Poultry
- a. 1,4,3,2
 - b. 4,1,3,2
 - c. 4,1,2,3
 - d. 4,2,1,3

16. Consider the following statements

- 1) Fish production from inland sources contributes less than from the marine sector (sea and oceans).
- 2) India has a large coastal boundary that helps it in reaching rich fish stock.

Choose the correct option –

- a. Both 1 and 2 are correct and 2 is correct explanation of 1
- b. Both 1 and 2 are correct but 2 is not correct explanation of 1
- c. Only 1 is correct
- d. Only 2 is correct.

17. Which of the following is not a Riparian states for Krishna river?

- a. Maharashtra
- b. Karnataka
- c. Andhra Pradesh
- d. All are riparian states

18. United Group in Rajya Sabha is

- a. A group of MPs from different political parties united for a particular cause.
- b. A group of MPs recognized by Chairman of Rajya Sabha from parties having less than certain number of MPs and independents.
- c. A group of MPs from one political party against the other members of same political party.
- d. None of the above.

19. Which of the following are instruments of direct democracy?

- a. Referendum
- b. Recall
- c. Plebiscite
- d. All of the above

20. Identify the scheme with following features –

1. All States and UTs will be covered under the programme.
 2. According to the scheme, two states will undertake a unique partnership for one year which would be marked by cultural and student exchanges.
 3. Students of a particular state would travel to another state to learn each other's culture.
 4. District level pairings will also be done and it would be independent of the State level pairings.
- a. Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat
 - b. Bharat ki anekta mein ekta
 - c. Ek Bharat Sudrin Bharat
 - d. Hum sath sath hain.

21. Which one of the following statements regarding the system of Dyarchy under the 1919 Act is correct ?

- a. In the provinces , the councilors were responsible to provincial legislatures
- b. It was the first step towards responsible government
- c. The provincial Governor was titular head
- d. None of the above

22. Which of the following is true about Zonal councils?

- 1) These are constitutional bodies.
 - 2) Set up under states re-organization Act 1956
 - 3) 6 zonal councils in India – North, South, East, West , Central and North East
 - 4) Home Minister is the chairman of the zonal council.
- a. 1,3,4 only
 - b. 2,3,4 only
 - c. 2,4 only
 - d. All of the above

23. Which one of the following groups of leaders was connected with the Swarajist party ?

- a. Motilal Nehru , Jawaharlal Nehru and C.R.Das
- b. Raghavendra Rao , Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Patel
- c. Motilal Nehru , Vitthal Bhai Patel and C.R.Das
- d. Vitthal Bhai Patel , Sardar Patel and Jawaharlal Nehru

24. Which of the following countries is not a member of Bay of Bengal Initiative for multi sectoral technical and Economic Co-operation?

- a. Myanmar
- b. Singapore
- c. Thailand
- d. Sri Lanka

25. Which of the following is not a Nuclear weapon country under Non proliferation treaty.

- a. India
- b. US
- c. Britain
- d. France

26. African Asian Rural Development Organization (AARDO) has its headquarters in

- a. Kolkata
- b. Johannesburg
- c. New Delhi
- d. Harare

27. Which of the following countries is not a commonwealth member-

- a. Maldives
- b. Mozambique
- c. Rwanda
- d. India

28. Which of the following is true about International Criminal Court –

- 1) It is the world's first legal body with permanent international jurisdiction to prosecute genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes.
 - 2) ICC is based in The Hague.
 - 3) 1998 Rome Statute established the court.
 - 4) Burundi, South Africa and Gambia have quit ICC.
 - 5) India has neither signed nor ratified Rome statute.
- a. 1,2,3 only
 - b. 1,2,3,5 only
 - c. 1,4,5 only
 - d. All are true

29. Who among following introduced local self-government in India ?

- Lord Mountbetten
- Lord Rippen
- Lord Canning
- Lord Macaulay

30. What is bad bank being mulled in Indian perspective?

- a separate entity that would buy the NPAs from other banks to free up their books for fresh lending.
- A subsidiary of the existing bank that would absorb all the NPA's of that bank.
- The bank that has the largest value of Nonperforming Assets.
- A bank created by IMF to which all NPA's can be transferred at some cost by the exchequer.

31. Which of the following is true regarding public debt management cell.

- It is an interim arrangement and will be upgraded to a statutory Public Debt Management Agency (PDMA) in about two years.
- Its main purpose is to allow separation of debt management functions from SEBI to PDMA in a gradual and seamless manner, without causing market disruptions.
- PDMA will have 15 experienced debt managers from Ministry and RBI for the required expertise.
- A joint implementation committee chaired by Joint secretary (Budget) will oversee the transition process of PDMA to PDMA.

- 1,2 only
- 2,3,4 only
- 1,3,4 only
- All are true

32. The Poona Pact in 1932 upheld

- Joint electorates
- Separate electorates
- Joint electorates with reserved seats for the scheduled castes
- Joint electorates with reserved seats for caste Hindus

33. Which of the following category has to be given utmost importance in procurement according to Defence Procurement Policy 2016?

- Indigenously manufactured
- Indigenously Designed Developed and Manufactured
- Indigenously developed and manufactured.
- Indigenously designed and manufactured.

34. Which of the following is true regarding Indian Bridge Management System?

- IBMS is being developed to create an inventory of all bridges in the country
- It will rate their structural condition so that timely repair and rehabilitation work can be carried out based on the criticality of the structure.
- Every bridge in the country is assigned a unique National Identity Number based on the state and RTO zone.
- It is also given a Bridge Location number based on its exact location which is ascertained by GPS.

- 1,2 only
- 2,3,4 only
- 1,2,3 only
- All are true

35. Pension funds in India are currently regulated by –

- SEBI
- PFRDA
- IRDA

d. All three agencies

36. Which one of the following is not correct about Dyarchy introduced by the Government of India Act of 1919?

- It was a system of dual governments at central and provincial levels
- Provincial subjects were divided into reserved and transferred
- Governor appointed ministers from the elected members of the legislative council
- Governor had the power of overriding the majority decision

37. Which one of the following statements is correct with reference to the Government of India Act, 1935 ?

- The federal executive was to consist of the Governor General and Counsellors
- The federal legislature was to consist of Governor General, the Council of State and the Federal Assembly
- There were twelve Governor's provinces and six Chief Commissioners' provinces
- The provincial legislature was to consist of the governor and only the Lower House of Legislature

38. What is the objective of Mining Surveillance System (MSS) launched

- aims to establish responsive mineral administration through public participation by curbing instances of illegal mining activity using automatic remote sensing detection technology.
- to help in locating important minerals under the ground and sea shores
- to survey all the areas under mining and to see if mineral development fund is being used effectively for development of the mined area. It would also geo tag the developmental projects in mining areas.
- None of the above

39. Which of the following is true regarding "UDAN"?

- It is a scheme for women skill training to help them in their work.
- It is an innovative scheme to develop the regional aviation market.
- It is collaboration of India with other regional countries to develop a common air space.
- Scheme to improve pilot training infrastructure in the country.

40. Which of the following is true regarding "Agricultural Marketing and Farmer Friendly Reforms Index" to rank States and Union Territories.

- The indicators used to assess represent competitiveness, efficiency and transparency in agri markets.
- The rankings are based on implementation of seven provisions proposed under model APMC Act, joining eNAM initiative, special treatment to fruits and vegetables for marketing and level of taxes in mandis.
- The other parameters included in the index are relaxation in restrictions related to lease of farm land to tenant farmers, and the freedom farmers have to fell and transport trees on their own land, which allows them to diversify their incomes.
- The index has a score, ranging from "0" implying no reforms to value "100" implying complete reforms in the selected areas.

- 1,2 only
- 2,3,4 only
- 1,2,3 only
- All are true

41. Revolutionary extremists in India of the post 1920 phase could be distinguished from those of the earlier phase due to

- Goal of complete independence
- Operation through secret societies
- Extent of use of violence

d. Acquisition of a revolutionary socialist ideology

42. "Most Favored Nation " is

- A country for which import duties are kept at zero level
- It is the core principle of WTO trading in which same tariff is applied to trade with all WTO member countries in normal situation
- A country with which India has oldest free trade agreement
- None of these

43. Which of the following is/are core of the core schemes ?

- National Social Assistance Program
- Umbrella Scheme for development of Schedule Tribes
- Green Revolution
- Swachha Bharat Mission

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- 1 and 2 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only
- All of these

44. Consider the following statements

- 'Talaq-e-bidat' is a Muslim man divorcing his wife by pronouncing more than one talaq in a single 'tuhr' (the period between two menstruations), or in a 'tuhr' after coitus, or pronouncing an irrevocable instantaneous divorce at one go i.e. unilateral triple-talaq.
- NikahHalala is the temporary marriage a victim of instant talaq is forced to undergo with another man to remarry her first husband. This second marriage also needs to be consummated.

Choose the correct option-

- Only 1 is correct
- Both are correct
- only 2 is correct
- None is correct

45. The term 'Yellow Revolution' is associated with

- Pulses production
- Jute Production
- Oil Production
- Honey Production

46. Which of the following is correct regarding older parents in India-

- Under section 125 of the CrPC, a magistrate can order a child to maintain his old parents under the Maintenance of Parents Act.
 - The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act say an aged parent can demand maintenance from children in the same way that a wife can demand it from her husband.
 - The Domestic Violence Act too provides parents with the right to seek relief from any kind of abuse.
 - National Council for Older Persons (NCOP) was constituted by the Ministry of Culture to operationalize the National Policy on older persons.
- 1,2 only
 - 2,3,4 only
 - 1,2,3 only
 - All are true

47. Which of the following is true regarding neglected tropical diseases

- This is a classification by Medical Council of India to deal with such diseases.
- According to WHO, Neglected tropical diseases (NTDs) are a diverse group of communicable diseases that prevail in tropical and subtropical conditions

c) Dengue and chikungunya are such fast emerging pandemic-prone viral disease in many parts of the world.

d) Casualties this year in India have mostly been due to co-morbidities of dengue and chikungunya rather than the viral fever itself.

48. Consider the following statements about Monetary Policy Committee:

- Committee consists of three members from RBI and three nominated by Government.
- Governor of the RBI has two votes whereas each other member has one
- Finance minister is the non member Ex officio chairman of Monetary Policy Committee

Which of the above statements is/are correct ?

- 1 only
- 1 and 2 only
- 1 , 2 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only

49. Consider the following statements :

- Ragi is grown in red lateritic soils
 - Karnataka is the biggest producer of Ragi in the country
- only 1
 - Only 2
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Neither 1 nor 2

50. Which of the following is not correct regarding Tuberculosis

- The Mycobacterium leprae bacterium causes TB.
- It is spread through the air when a person with TB (whose lungs are affected) coughs, sneezes, spits, laughs or talks.
- Since antibiotics began to be used to fight TB, some strains have become resistant to drugs.
- Multidrug-resistant TB (MDR-TB) arises when an antibiotic fails to kill all of the bacteria that it targets, with the surviving bacteria developing resistance to that antibiotic and often others at the same time.